

HUMAN SKIN TISSUE LYSATE

Catalog Number:	Extraction 1, soluble pro T15-015-T-1 T15-015-N-1	otein fraction Human skin <i>tumor</i> tissu Human skin <i>normal</i> tiss		100 μg 100 μg	
	Extraction 2, insoluble p T15-015-T-2 T15-015-N-2	protein fraction Human skin tumor tissu Human skin normal tiss		100 μg 100 μg	
Diagnosis:	Skin cancer.				
Sex / Age:	Female, age 80.				
Concentration:	1 mg/ml, 100 μ g/vial.				
	The vial is provided with a 10% overfill. Maximum recovery can be obtained by centrifugin vial briefly to collect any solution on the cap and tube sides.				
Storage:	Aliquot single use volumes to avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. From time of receipt, this product is stable for 3 months at -20° C, or 12 months at -70° C.				
Lysate Preparation:	Tissue specimens are homogenized in modified RIPA buffer to obtain the soluble proteins, and centrifuged to clarify. The pellet was further extracted with a second buffer to obtain the less soluble protein fraction. The lysate solution may appear turbid at cold temperatures due to insolubility of buffer components. The solution should clear upon warming to room temperature			obtain the less tures due to	
	Extraction 1: Modified RIPA Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4 1 mM EDTA 0.25% Na deoxycholate 1 mM Na ₃ VO ₄	1 μg/ml Aprotinin 1 μg/ml Pepstatin-A 1 μg/ml Leupeptin	1 mM NaF 0.1% SDS 1 mM PMSF	
	Extraction 2:	PBS, pH 7.4, 5.0 M Urea	, 2.0 M Thiourea, 50mM I	OTT, 0.1% SDS	
Application:	These lysates have not been subjected to denaturing or reducing conditions. This allows the or cell lysate to be used in a variety of applications; to study protein-protein interaction, liga binding, ELISA, immunoprecipitation, 1D and 2D gel electrophoresis, and Western blotting the detection of specific protein targets. For use in 1D and 2D gel electrophoresis, the additi denaturing gel loading buffer with reducing agents may be required.			teraction, ligand estern blotting for	
	Buffer requirements for performing protein-protein interaction and ligand binding studies can vary significantly from RIPA buffer and may require modifications. In most cases, tissue lysates in RIPA buffer can be used, directly in standard ELISA and immunoprecipitation assays.				
	This material has tested negative for HbsAg, HIV 1/2, and HCV. Use <i>UNIVERSAL PRECAUTIONS</i> when handling. Human tissue derivatives must be treated as a potentially infectious agent and disposed of appropriately.				
Source:	Integrated Laboratory Services-Biotech (ILSbio), Chestertown, MD 21620 <u>www.ilsbio.com</u> ILS-7068				

For Research Use Only



PATHOLOGY REPORT

Catalog No.		T15-015
Tissue:		Skin
Location:		Scalp
Diagnosis:		Skin cancer.
Stage:		Not recorded.
Grade:		Not recorded.
Sex:		Female
Age:		80 years
Appearance:	Macroscopic	Not recorded.
	Microscopic	Not recorded.